Company registration number 01019263 (England & Wales) (A company limited by guarantee)

Durham Wildlife Trust Annual report and financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2025

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LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees S Lister (Chair)

P Bell (Resigned 21 October 2024) M Coates (Resigned 21 October 2024) C Gorman (Resigned 21 October 2024) A Pensom (Resigned 21 October 2024) (Appointed 21 October 2024) S D Bell (Appointed 21 October 2024) Prof W Oxbury (Appointed 21 October 2024) R Arrowsmith (Appointed 21 October 2024) I Cole (Resigned 14 April 2025) K Crozier (Resigned 20 May 2024) S Wilson-Laing

N Bell H Neve P Davidson Dr V Kent F Butler

Secretary F Butler

Management Team J Cokill - Trust Director

M Porton - Head of Finance

E Routledge - Head of Development and Communications

M Dinning - Head of Conservation

Company Registration Number 01019263 (England & Wales)

Charity Registration Number 501038

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Houghton Le Spring Tyne And Wear

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LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Auditors

Robson Laidler Accountants Limited

Fernwood House Fernwood Road

Jesmond

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE2 1TJ

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's governing document, the Companies Act 2006 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019).

Structure Governance and Management

Durham Wildlife Trust is a charitable company limited by guarantee that was first incorporated on the 30th of July 1971 and does not have share capital. The Members of the company are the Trustees who served during the year and are named above. In the event of the charity being wound up, the liability in respect of each member is limited to £1.

Durham Wildlife Trust Limited is governed by its Memorandum and Articles of Association, which have been reviewed and amended since incorporation to ensure that they remain fit for purpose. Those documents are supported by policies and procedures that are designed to ensure effective governance of the charity's activities and management.

Anyone can become a member of the charity by paying a subscription and eligible members can then seek to become a trustee.

Appointment of Trustees

The charity is managed by a Board of Trustees who are Directors of the charitable company, as well as its Trustees for the purpose of charity law. Throughout this report they are referred to as Trustees. The officers of the Trust comprise a Chair, Secretary and Treasurer.

As set out in the Articles of Association, all members aged 16 and over are eligible to join the Board of Trustees, provided they are not legally disqualified from doing so. The Board consists of not less than 10 and not more than 15 elected members. The Trust's membership is notified of the opportunity to seek election to the Board prior to the Annual General Meeting (AGM). A Trustee recruitment procedure is in place and the Board conducts an annual audit of Trustees to identify knowledge and skills gaps that the recruitment process can help to address.

Following a nomination process, new Trustees are appointed at the AGM by a vote of the Trust members in attendance. Trustees elected in this way must retire at the fourth AGM following their election, although they are eligible for re-election to serve a second 4-year term. After their second 4-year term Trustees must stand down for a minimum of 12 months before they can seek re-election. The exceptions to this rule are the Chair, who can serve for up to six years, and the Treasurer, who is elected annually with no stipulation on the maximum period of office. The Board may also co-opt additional Trustees at any time and Trustees appointed by this method must retire from office at the next Annual General Meeting.

Trustee Induction and Training

New Trustees undertake an induction process set out in a written induction procedure. This process provides information on their legal obligations under charity and company law and the management and operation of the charity. An induction pack is provided and includes items such as the governing document, Board minutes and audited accounts. New Trustees also meet key employees of the charity and have the opportunity to visit its nature reserves and current project sites.

The charity encourages further ongoing training for Trustees, either in-house or through external providers, to help them to undertake their role.

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Organisation

The Trustees administer the charity, sitting as members of the Board. The Board meets at least four times each year and appoints advisory committees to provide specialist consideration and support.

A Director is appointed by the Trustees to manage the day-to-day operations of the charity. A number of committees, which are usually comprised of several members of the Board and senior members of staff, report directly to the Board.

Staff Remuneration

Remuneration for all staff is based on comparison against similar roles in the charity sector. Inflation awards are applied equally to all eligible members of staff and the level of award is decided by Trustees and is only awarded if considered affordable. Trustees made a 5% inflation award in April 2024.

The total salary bill for the year ended 31st March 2025 for the Trust Director and 4 other members of the management team was £231,046 including employer pension contributions. During the year the highest salary in the Trust was 2.66 times larger than the lowest salary.

Related Parties

The charity delivers many of its objectives through partnership working with other voluntary groups, local authorities and government agencies. There is no formal representation of these partners on the charity's Board. During the year none of the Trustees claimed travelling expenses while engaged on Trust business and volunteering.

The charity is a member of the Royal Society of Wildlife Trusts (RSWT - charity number 207238), which acts as an umbrella body carrying out lobbying, national campaigning and other functions on behalf of all Wildlife Trusts. Member charities have the use of the Wildlife Trusts logo and benefit from the resources, best practice and experience of other member Trusts. Membership gives Durham Wildlife Trust a national voice and profile, as well as respectability by association for those unfamiliar with its work. However, each member of the RSWT remains an entirely separate charity and is independent in terms of governance.

Risk Management

The Trustees regularly identify and review the major risks the charity may face. This information is used to develop a Risk Register, which records the systems and procedures which the charity will implement to mitigate the risks that have been identified. The Finance, Audit and Risk committee reviews the Risk Register at each of its four meetings a year.

Attention is always paid to risks relating to Health and Safety and Safeguarding given the charity's work on practical land management and the engagement and education of children and adults. Health and Safety and Safeguarding are items on the agenda at every Board meeting.

Governance processes and Trust policies and procedures are reviewed on an annual basis to ensure they are fit for purpose and reflect current best practice.

Strategy

Durham Wildlife Trust began implementation of a new strategy in April 2023 (2030 From Tees to Tyne), which guides delivery by the charity. The strategy aims to inspire and encourage our staff, supporters and partners to take the action needed to bring nature back between the Tees and the Tyne.

The strategy aligns with international, UK and Royal Society of Wildlife Trusts (RSWT) goals to deliver 30% of land and sea protected for nature by 2030 (30 by 30). This global ambition will only be realised through effective local action by communities across the world. Durham Wildlife Trust's 2030 Strategy sets out our route map for how working in partnership with the people who live and work between the Tees and the Tyne will deliver 30 by 30.

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The strategy is a living document that will be reviewed and updated throughout its life. Individual actions and initiatives will change in the light of better ideas, insights and in response to funding opportunities and operational constraints.

Durham Wildlife Trust's 2030 strategy has been created through the passion, commitment, expertise and energy of our Trustees, employees and volunteers. For it to be effective it needs the support of everyone across our region – the people, communities, businesses and institutions that rely on our region's natural environment for their own health and prosperity.

Executive summary

The key aspects of the strategy are set out below.

They reflect the 3 key goals of the strategy:

- 1. Nature in Recovery (30% of land and sea by 2030)
 - 40,000ha of additional land improved for nature and the restoration of natural processes.
 - 1000ha of this to be additional land managed by Durham Wildlife Trust.
 - Robust local metrics and data gathering to monitor progress.
 - Exemplary land management of our own estate.
- 2. Meaningful Action (1 in 4 people involved)
 - Adopting the 'Team Wilder' approach and a sub-region operational model based on local communities.
 - Embracing supporters of all kinds and diversifying our audiences.
 - · Providing improved visitor destinations.
 - Growing our public profile, operational partnerships and influence to bring about real change.
- 3. Nature-based Solutions (nature central to solving local and global problems)
 - Durham Wildlife Trust is the local leader in Biodiversity Net Gain and other natural capital solutions.
 - There will be an evidenced-based well-being focus across our activities.
 - We will have a strategic approach to projects with nature-based benefits to highlight natural flood management, carbon sequestration, eco-tourism, water quality benefits (e.g. as realised by the Great North Fen).

To deliver our Goals the Trust has identified 3 Strategic Transformations:

- 1 Community Organising.
- 2 Embracing Digital.
- 3 Step Change in Funding.

Linked to these are 3 Enabling Priorities for the Trust:

- 1 Getting our own house in order.
- 2 Improving data and evidence base.
- 3 Investing in our people.

The strategy leads to several implications for the Trust and its operations:

- Finance transforming to an organisation that consistently generates annual income of more than £6 million.
- Governance delivering greater connection with local communities and increased trustee participation.
- Branding ensuring branding matches local delivery needs.
- Reputation ensuring new ways of generating income do not compromise our values and culture.
- Staff recruitment and retention growing staff numbers to facilitate the delivery of the Strategy.

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

- Supporters and partnerships new thinking to be embedded across the organisation.
- Skills and knowledge improving our skill and knowledge base to allow us to deliver our ambitions.

Achievements and Performance

Nature Recovery

The Durham Wildlife Trust 2030 Strategy sets bold targets for land acquisition. During 2023 and 2024 several large scale land purchases were made possible via nutrient credits under Natural England's Nutrient Neutrality scheme for the River Tees. These purchases meant that the Trust began 2024-25 with 1334 ha of land. Nutrient Neutrality funding was not available during 2024-25 and land acquisitions have been more modest as a result.

In September 2024 Satley Glebe was secured on lease from Durham Diocese. Satley Glebe is 10ha of grassland and woodland to the west of the village of Satley. The Steeley Burn, a tributary of the River Browney runs through the site, placing Satley Glebe c. 3km upstream from Trust reserves at Black Plantation and Ragpath Heath. This adds to Durham Wildlife Trust's landscape scale nature restoration work in the upper reaches of this catchment.

The Trust completed the purchase of 4ha of land immediately adjoining Town Kelloe Bank SSSI in November 2024. This new land, which has been farmed in an arable rotation for a number of years, sits above the Trust's existing Town Kelloe Bank SSSI nature reserve. As a result, nutrient rich run off from this field has been having a negative effect on the SSSI's important features. Acquiring this land means that the rare habitats and species of the SSSI are better protected. The new land will be restored to grassland and scrub habitats to complement those on the existing nature reserve. The purchase of this land was supported through funding from Durham County Council.

Following the completion of a new lease for Rainton Meadows in January 2024, which provided security of tenure until 2073 and expanded the area of land managed by the Trust, further land became available for purchase. This site had been subject to unsuccessful planning applications for housing, with objections submitted by the Trust highlighting the damage the development would do to the Rainton Meadows nature reserve and the important species it supports, such as the willow tit. To prevent further development proposals being submitted in future, the Trust determined to try and purchase the land, the majority of which consists of semi-improved grassland, but also includes ecologically significant grasslands that are part of a Local Wildlife Site. The Trust completed the acquisition of this 16ha of land in February 2025, funded by Biffa Award and private donations.

At 31st March 2025, the Trust had a suite of 54 sites under its management, covering 1374ha of land. The expansion of existing nature reserves (e.g. at Rainton Meadows and Town Kelloe Bank) is an important step in making those sites more resilient, particularly with reference to climate change and strengthens existing wildlife networks.

Works required under DEFRA agri-environment agreements across the Trust's land holding continued to be delivered as required and income from this source supports ongoing site management and nature conservation efforts. In January 2024 the Trust secured additional funding through the new Sustainable Farming Incentive.

The increase in the size of the Trust's estate in recent years, together with changes in legislation, has allowed the Trust to explore new methods of nature restoration. Statutory Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) became a legal requirement for most new developments in February 2024. BNG requires developers to provide at least 110% of the biodiversity value (measured in 'units') found on the site prior to their development. BNG can be delivered either fully or in part through on-site habitat or off-site habitat establishment and maintenance. A market has grown for third party providers such as Wildlife Trusts to provide units. Throughout the remainder of 2024 and 2025 the Trust drew up a number of options and delivery plans for BNG provision on its land holding, with the first schemes going live during 2025 - 26. BNG

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delivery will enable nature restoration to be funded over a 30-year agreement period and will increase the resources available to the Trust to deliver nature's recovery.

BNG is just one green finance option for land management, with markets in place or emerging around carbon and nutrient off-setting as well as other opportunities. The Trust launched the Skerne Natural Environment Investment Readiness Fund (NEIRF) project in October 2024. NEIRF grants up to £100,000 were made available to environmental groups, local authorities, businesses and other organisations to help them develop nature projects in England to a point where they can attract private investment. Round 3 (of which the Trust's project is part) was aimed at supporting England's farmers. The outputs of the Skerne NEIRF will be a blueprint for private landowners and farmers in the Skerne catchment to realise green investment opportunities to diversify their business and deliver nature recovery outcomes. It continues the work delivered with farmers in the Skerne under the Discover Brightwater project.

Discover Brightwater drew to a formal close in March 2025 and has successfully completed a wide range of heritage projects across the catchment of the River Skerne. In all, Discover Brightwater secured £4.7m of funding and delivered a wide range of activity across 20 work streams between July 2018 and December 2024. As a National Lottery Heritage Fund Landscape Partnership scheme, the majority of funding came thanks to players of the National Lottery (approximately £2.6m), but there were also substantial contributions from the Environment Agency, Veolia Environmental Trust and Durham County Council.

Brightwater's success was largely due to the wide range of partners engaged in the project, from delivery partners such as Groundwork NE & Cumbria who also employed some of the project team, Tees Rivers Trust and the local authorities in County Durham and Darlington and to those organisations who offered guidance as members of the project's Board.

August 2024 saw the commencement of Durham Wildlife Trust's main projects delivered as part of Discover Brightwater - habitat restoration work at Bishop's Fen and Ricknall Carrs. These schemes have delivered wetland habitat restoration at both sites and Bishop's Fen was formerly opened as a Durham Wildlife Trust nature reserve in October 2024 by The Venerable Rick Simpson, Archdeacon of Auckland. The same event also served as the formal launch of the Great North Fen as part of Brightwater's long-term legacy; an ongoing initiative that aims to deliver 850ha of enhanced habitats and nature recovery across the catchment of the River Skerne by 2042.

Activity across the Skerne during the year was complemented by the ongoing work with Northumbrian Water to examine opportunities for Nature Based Solutions that can deliver water quality improvements. The Trust also continued to work with Northumbrian Water on the Bluespaces initiative, which supports projects to improve access and enhance habitats along our waterways and coast.

Support for nature recovery efforts was enhanced by investment in roles that support the recruitment and retention of volunteers and better data provision to inform our work. These posts were initially supported by the New to Nature scheme and have helped the Trust to significantly improve the quality and scope of its work.

The Trust's Exmoor pony herd has continued to deliver conservation grazing across nature reserves and the Trust's volunteer Pony Wardens have once again provided indispensable support for the equine members of the Trust's Reserves Team.

The Trust secured funding from National Lottery Heritage Fund for the Links with Nature project in May 2024. This 2-year project focusses on sites across the Sunderland Coalfield area, in particular the catchment of the Lumley Park Burn. The project aims to make use of social prescribing to engage volunteers to support delivery of habitat and access improvements on Sunderland City Council owned sites. The council is supporting the project with funding it has received to deliver those improvements, demonstrating highly effective partnership working between local government and the voluntary sector.

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Seascapes was a National Lottery Heritage Fund supported partnership project led by Durham Heritage Coast. Durham Wildlife Trust delivered the Intertidal Interactive programme, to encourage people and groups of all ages to enjoy coastal and marine wildlife. This project completed in September 2024 and highlights included volunteer monitoring programmes for shore birds and cetaceans, beach-based school activities and snorkelling experiences for school aged children. In addition, Seascapes funded the Trust's little tern conservation efforts along the Durham and Hartlepool coasts. In 2024, the terns nested and bred at Seaton Carew with 185 chicks hatching and an estimated 145 of those fledging.

Stronger Shores is a Defra funded project, part of the £200 million Flood and Coastal Innovation Programmes managed by the Environment Agency that is led by South Tyneside Council. The project aims to increase the resilience of the North Eastern coastline, and coastal communities, to flooding, erosion and the impacts of climate change. As part of this programme, the Trust host two officers on behalf of the wider North Sea Wildlife Trusts. One role focuses on the importance of these often hidden marine habitats to people and communities along the North East coast and the second is delivering a test and trial programme on seagrass and kelp restoration techniques. Stronger Shores represents a real advance in Durham Wildlife Trust's marine conservation capacity and ambitions.

Following the completion of Naturally Native in 2023 the Trust was able to continue to support ongoing volunteer work to monitor water vole and control mink populations. The Trust's work in this area was supported by a grant from DEFRA in 2024 and maintains efforts to conserve the iconic water vole from Tees to Tyne.

Development and Communications

Despite the continuing cost of living crisis, membership in 24/25 grew by 1% on the previous year. Income from membership subscriptions also grew by 1%, following a longer-term trend of a slow increase in the average membership gift. Trust membership recruitment was 7% higher than the previous year, due to an increase in memberships recruited online through the Durham Wildlife Trust and Wildlife Trusts websites. There were 24% fewer membership lapses than the previous year and as a result the retention rate for membership grew by 1%, to 93%. Membership remains a reliable source of regular funds for the Trust and membership performance reflects the supporter led approach the Trust takes to fundraising.

Volunteering remains a key area of development for the Trust. In 24-25 376 volunteers gave 28,485 hours to the Trust, a 17.5% increase in the number of active volunteers and a 5.5% increase in volunteer time compared to the previous year. This activity is reflective of the continued support available to volunteers within the Trust and the increase in the number and variety of volunteering sessions available.

In 24/25 retail income was £37,303, (2024 £39,589) representing a small decrease on the previous year. The Gift Shop at Rainton Meadows, retail space at Low Barns and the sale of goods at external events and online have all contributed to the successful retail offering and would not have been possible without the contribution of volunteers, for which the Trust is extremely thankful.

General donations income decreased compared to the prior year at £50,065 (2024 £59,406) and this may have been due to donors choosing to contribute to the successful Rainton Meadows appeal which is discussed later. Room hire contributed £6,490 (2024 - £7,815) of additional funds. In addition, legacy income provided £18,514 (2024 £134,554) of additional funding to support the Trust's work. Promotion of gifts in wills continues to be a key area of work for the Development team.

Businesses contributed to the Trusts work in 24-25 via business membership contributions and paid for volunteering through the 'Wild Work Day' scheme, generating £4,700 (2024 £3,100) while also supporting the management of nature reserves.

Project development and grants fundraising remains a core activity for the Trust. In financial year 24/25, over £1m of project funds were secured through applications to various funders. In addition, Trust Officers supported a number of community groups in their own efforts to secure grants to support nature recovery projects.

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

In June 2024, Durham Wildlife Trust launched an appeal to support the purchase of land adjacent to the access road at Rainton Meadows. To facilitate the acquisition of the land by Durham Wildlife Trust, it was initially purchased by another charitable organisation, the Esmee Fairbairn Foundation. The site was then leased to the Trust, which secured it from acquisition by anyone else and provided the time needed to raise the funds to buy the freehold. An application for £540,000 was submitted to Biffa Award to provide the funds needed to complete the land purchase and carry out some initial works on the site.

To unlock the Biffa Award, match funding of 10% was required and the Trust wrote to members to appeal for support. Within one week of writing to members, the £54,000 needed was secured and at the close of the appeal more than £80,000 had been raised. The additional support provided was much needed due to some unexpected additional costs associated with the purchase. Thankfully, Biffa Award granted the funds and the Trust was then able to complete the purchase of the land in February 2025.

During the 24-25 financial year, the Trust reached 1,079,620 people online, a decrease on previous years, however X (Twitter) analytics was switched off for non-paying users in June 2024 and therefore those reach figures are no longer included in the total. In 2025 the Trust set up a Bluesky account, as an alternative to X, and this account already has almost 2,000 followers. As in previous years, Trust supporters have been instrumental in providing material and wildlife images to share on social media. Those posts are consistently some of the most popular over the course of the year. However, it was the Rainton Meadows land appeal content that reached the most people during 2024-25.

Kittiwake Cam took the top spot for web page visits, despite the camera only running for a brief period of the year. Second in line came the online shop, highlighting its importance. Almost half a million emails were sent to subscribers on our emailing list. Content included monthly round-ups with details of events, news and blog updates and ideas for ways to get involved in the Trust' work, along with targeted campaigns to particular groups. Almost 100 pieces of media coverage were achieved across all platforms, the bulk of that relating to the Rainton Meadows land appeal.

A total of 2,247 people attended Durham Wildlife Trust events between April 2024 and March 2025 a decrease of 24% from 2,954 attendees in the previous year. Event performance was impacted by a number of factors in 24-25, including the close of the SeaScapes project, which accounted for a high number of events in the previous year.

Educational activity through traditional school bookings, Wildlife Watch and the Litter Free for Wildlife Project engaged more than 2000 primary school age children over 76 sessions - 49 at Nature Reserves and 27 in schools across the Trust's patch. In addition, the Enrichment Pilot project worked in 10 Secondary Schools in South Tyneside and Sunderland, engaging more than 1,100 secondary pupils in the co-design of a new enrichment programme and online portal for their schools. A further 215 young people engaged with regular sessions through Nature Rangers (11-14) and Conservation Rangers (14-18).

In 24-25 a partnership with Sunderland University was formed, enabling the Trust to deliver nature themed activities on campus for university staff and students, along with providing monthly wildlife themed digital content packs for the university intranet. Those packs provided the opportunity to learn about local wildlife and fostered a connection to nature amongst the university community.

The education team continued its work with adults and local groups, including receiving funding secured by a number of church groups to deliver conservation activities within church grounds, working with 270 people over 25 sessions in 24-25.

Thanks to funding from the Barbour Foundation, the Trust was able to continue the Nextdoor Nature project. Nextdoor Nature utilises community organising and community listening skills to support communities to take action for nature where they live, offering the training and advice the groups need to be able to care for their local greenspaces.

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Governance and Administration

Operations

Durham Wildlife Trust recognises that to deliver nature's recovery both the ecological and climate crises must be addressed. There are ongoing efforts to reduce the Trust's climate impact whilst at the same time increasing our conservation and engagement work.

Work to measure carbon emissions and sequestration follows methodologies used across the Wildlife Trust movement and effort was made during the year to improve the quality and consistency of the data collected. The carbon emissions for 2024-25 expressed as tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent are set out below. These figures exclude emissions associated with livestock.

Scope 1 – direct emissions from burning fossil fuels	16.74
Scope 2 – indirect emissions from purchased electricity	NIL
Scope 3 – indirect emissions from purchased goods and services	495.89
Total emissions	512.63
Emissions per full time employee	15.77

Considerable effort has also been made across the Wildlife Trusts to understand the emissions associated with livestock, which are a vital habitat management tool. The Trust has used a standard methodology employed by all Wildlife Trusts to calculate the emissions from livestock grazing across our estate, whether our own Exmoor ponies or cattle and sheep provided by others. The carbon emissions for 2024-25 expressed as tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent are set out below. This is a complex topic as the emissions relate to methane and other gases, not direct carbon dioxide emissions. This requires a calculation of equivalence and there are different methodologies for doing that. The figures shown below are based on calculations estimating global warming potential over a 100 year period resulting from the livestock emissions.

Total emissions	278.49
Emissions per livestock unit	2.67
Emissions per hectare of land	0.77

Given that the Trust hopes to continue to expand the resources it has available to deliver its charitable aims and also increase the area of land it manages, the most useful year on year comparison in the future will be between emissions per employee, emissions per hectare of land in our estate and emissions per livestock unit (a measure of the type of livestock) used to manage that land.

With support from the Royal Society of Wildlife Trusts, a plan was drawn up in 2024 - 25 setting out how emissions (excluding livestock) can be reduced going forward. The ambition is a 90% reduction by 2030, but that will be a challenging target given the difficulties in addressing Scope 3 emissions in particular. A staff group was also established to support the work to reduce emissions.

Throughout the year the Trust continued to focus not only on carbon emissions but its wider environmental performance. This work was rewarded with continued Investors in the Environment Silver accreditation. To maintain the level of accreditation requires improved performance, demonstrating the Trust's commitment to lead by example in relation to environmental issues.

During the year there was continued investment in the maintenance of visitor facilities and it is recognised that as visitor centres age and the number of sites increases there will be a need to increase maintenance and repair budgets. Currently a designated fund is in place to fund maintenance and repairs, with a proportion of any annual surplus generated being designated each year for this purpose.

A Saturday working model was rolled out during the year, to provide more opportunities for members and supporters to engage with the work of the Trust. Overall, that was a successful innovation, but lessons have

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

been learnt that will help refine the type and number of activities that are delivered.

Staff recruitment is under constant review, given how vital staff are to the success of the charity. There was greater availability of potential employees during 2024 - 25, particularly for less specialist roles, but Trustees ensured that salaries and employment conditions were reviewed during the year to ensure they remained competitive. Hybrid working arrangements remained in place across the Trust during the year.

Public Benefit

From 1 April 2008, section 4 of the Charities Act 2006 requires all charities to meet the legal requirement that its aims are for the public benefit. The Trustees confirm that they have complied with the duty to have due regard to the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit.

The Charity Commission states that there are two principles to be met in order to show that an organisation's aims are for the public benefit: firstly, there must be an identifiable benefit or benefits and secondly that the benefit must be to the public, or a section of the public. The Trustees are satisfied that the aims and objectives of the charity, and the activities reported on above, meet these principles.

Financial Review

In the year to 31st March 2025 Group income was £4,285,760 (2024 £5,266,186). In 2024 exceptional income of £2,638k was received from Natural England in relation to the purchase of land under the Nutrient Neutrality provisions. If this transaction is discounted, then 2025 shows substantial growth over the prior year.

The total surplus for the year was £947,728 of which £42,576 was unrestricted, £300,845 restricted and £604,307 designated. Most of the designated surplus came from the funding raised via grant income and public appeal for the purchase of additional land at Rainton Meadows.

A key element of the Group's strategy continues to be the acquisition of land to allow nature to be restored over a greater area. In recent years, income to facilitate this has come from grants, large individual donations and public appeals.

Most notably over the 2023 and 2024 financial years the Group received £5,844k from Natural England under the Nutrient Neutrality provisions. Due to the long-term restrictions included in these provisions the fund balances associated with this land have been included in restricted funds.

Where land has been acquired with the help of donations or grants that do not have post purchase restrictions, the associated fund balance has been transferred to designated funds. Trustees continue to take the view that placing newly acquired land in a designated fund provides a more meaningful presentation of the charity's unrestricted fund position.

Driven by its strategy of delivering nature conservation and restoration, the Group expects to hold all land in perpetuity and the fund balances associated with land should therefore be excluded when considering the finances of the Group.

A summary of the funds is provided below:

	Unrestricted	Designated	Restricted
Total Fund balance at 31 March 2025	822,709	3,634,921	6,645,413
Fund balances in relation to land & property held for conservation	•	3,431,570	5,844,033
Fund balances net of land & property holdings	820,827	203,351	801,380

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The long-term policy of the Trust remains to earn surpluses on unrestricted fund activities to continue to strengthen the financial position of the Group to enable further investment delivering the charity's aims.

In addition to holding land designated funds also include those aimed at supporting volunteering activity, enhancing energy efficiency, creation of habitat banks and the repair, maintenance (including replacement) of land, buildings, equipment and other assets.

Durham Wildlife Services Ltd

Durham Wildlife Services (DWS) is a private company limited by shares and is a wholly owned trading subsidiary of Durham Wildlife Trust. It was incorporated on 9th April 1991 as an Environmental Consultancy and aims to make a profit each year, which, subject to commercial financing needs, is Gift Aided to Durham Wildlife Trust.

DWS primarily delivers ecological consultancy services, including species and habitat surveys and the production of land management and habitat creation plans.

The year to the 31st March 2025 saw a turnover of £368,875 compared to the previous year of £236,696. The net surplus was £62,596 and a donation of £26,095 was paid over to the Trust. Durham Wildlife Services proposes to pay £62,596 to Durham Wildlife Trust during 2025-26 from its profits.

Investment Powers and Policy

The Trustees, having regard to the liquidity requirements of the charity's projects programme, some of which receive payment in arrears from grant funders, and to the financial reserves policy, will, where relevant, operate a policy of keeping available funds in an interest-bearing deposit account or a low-risk shared deposit fund managed by an Investment Manager.

Reserves Policy

The Trustees have set the reserves policy such that the target for unrestricted net current asset funds equates to six months unrestricted expenditure. The policy uses net current asset funds due to the relatively high value of fixed assets the Group maintains which are not available to fund the Group's operations. The relatively prudent six months cover of expenditure has been adopted to mitigate the risk from the high level of restricted projects the Group undertakes, many of which are funded in arrears.

Unrestricted current net asset funds at 31st March 2025 are £720,335 (see Page 20, Consolidated Balance Sheet) and unrestricted expenditure for the year was £1,073,611 giving cover of 8 months. At the year end funds therefore remain over target and the Trustees have approved a deficit budget for the current financial year to address this.

Designated Fund Policy

Trustees have set a designated fund policy to make provision for the repair, maintenance (including replacement) of land, buildings, equipment and other assets. It has been determined that 10% of unrestricted surplus will be designated for this purpose annually, with Trustees having discretion to vary the amount to reflect the charity's need and circumstances pertaining at the time.

Valuation of Freehold Property

During the 2021-22 financial year, Trustees commissioned a valuation of the charity's freehold property. The purpose of the valuation was to ascertain current market value as land values on the asset register reflect purchase cost, not current valuation. As well as providing trustees with a greater understanding of asset values this information allowed the potential impairment of the value of land assets to be reviewed. There was no impairment.

Trustees have determined to periodically carry out a freehold land valuation (approximately every 5 years) and to present information on the value of land assets in the annual report based on the additional freehold land acquired that year. Information is presented in the table below.

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Number of sites	Area (ha)	At	£	Note
Freehold land at 31st March 2022	25	477.6	Valuation	3,767,819	NBV in Financial Statements is £1,516,120
Freehold land acquired 2022-23	3	290.9	Cost	4,094,622	
Freehold land acquired 2023-24	3	102.5	Cost	2,954,508	
Freehold land acquired 2024-25	2	20.0	Cost	629,200	
Total	33	891.0		11,446,149	

Plans for Future Periods

The charity continues to instigate fund raising campaigns in order to increase its income generation, particularly in respect of unrestricted funds. It continues to bear down on costs where possible.

The current financial policy is to maintain the financial strength of the Trust, while at the same time using available funds to strengthen the Trust's efforts in the fields of conservation and education in a measured way within the limits of the resources available.

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustees (who are also Directors of Durham Wildlife Trust for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Board of Trustees Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for the year. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- ✓ Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- ✓ Observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP 2019 (FRS 102).
- ✓ Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- ✓ State whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.
- ✓ Prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in operation.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the Trustees are aware:

- ✓ There is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- ✓ The Trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

AUDITOR

In accordance with the Companies Act 2006 a resolution proposing the appointment of Robson Laidler Accountants Limited as auditor for the year ending 31 March 2025 will be put to the members.

Approved by the Board on and signed on their behalf by:

S Lister Chair

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DURHAM WILDLIFE TRUST

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Durham Wildlife Trust (the 'charitable parent company') and its subsidiary (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Group and Charitable Company Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2025, and of the group's incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and the parent charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DURHAM WILDLIFE TRUST

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report (incorporating the directors' report) for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the group and parent charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent charitable company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the group's and parent charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

The risk of material misstatement due to error or fraud has been assessed in conjunction with how internal controls may mitigate any such risk. These controls are reviewed as part of the audit be performing systems walkthroughs to ensure they are operating effectively. Other substantive testing is also performed on all material balances and therefore any instances of non-compliance should be identified or considered as insignificant.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DURHAM WILDLIFE TRUST

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud, the audit engagement team;

- obtained an understanding of the nature of the industry and sector, including the legal and regulatory framework, in which the charitable company operates and how the company complies with that legal and regulatory framework.
- inquired with management and those charged with governance about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including any known actual, suspected or alleged instances of fraud.
- discussed with management and those charged with governance any non-compliance with laws and regulations and how fraud might occur including assessments of how and where the financial statements may be susceptible to fraud.

The risk of management override of controls was also considered an area of potential misstatement due to fraud. Audit procedures performed included testing of manual journal entries and other adjustments and evaluating the business rationale in relation to significant, unusual transactions and transactions entered into outside the normal course of business.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of this report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Michael T Moran BA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on Behalf of Robson Laidler Accountants Limited

Statutory Auditors

Fernwood House Fernwood Road Jesmond Newcastle Upon Tyne Tyne and Wear England NE2 1TJ

Date:

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Current financial year						
	Notes	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds £	Designated funds £	Total 2025 £	Total 2024 £
Income and endowments from:						
Donations and legacies	3	360,447	45,853	88,619	494,919	492,633
Charitable activities	4	369,317	2,427,618	594,653	3,391,588	4,505,460
Other trading activities	5	348,446	12,830	-	361,276	251,108
Investments	6	37,977	-		37,977	16,985
Total income		1,116,187	2,486,301	683,272	4,285,760	5,266,186
Expenditure on:						
Cost of raising funds	7	432,423	-	-	432,423	351,394
Charitable activities	8	641,188	2,185,456	78,965	2,905,609	1,920,503
Total expenditure		1,073,611	2,185,456	78,965	3,338,032	2,271,897
Net Income / (expenditure) before transfers		42,576	300,845	604,307	947,728	2,994,289
Gross transfers between funds	20	79,072	(112,547)	33,475	-	-
Net movement in funds		121,648	188,298	637,782	947,728	2,994,289
Reconciliation of funds Fund balances at 1 April 2024		701,061	6,457,115	2,997,139	10,155,315	7,161,026
Fund balances at 31 March 202	5	822,709	6,645,413	3,634,921	11,103,043	10,155,315

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

The statement of financial activities also complies with the requirements for an income and expenditure account under the Companies Act 2006.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Prior financial year

	Notes	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds	Designated funds £	Total 2024 £
Income and endowments from:					
Donations and legacies	3	490,540	2,093	-	492,633
Charitable activities	4	282,958	4,217,012	5,490	4,505,460
Other trading activities	5	237,518	13,590	-	251,108
Investments	6	16,985	-	-	16,985
Total income		1,028,001	4,232,695	5,490	5,266,186
Expenditure on:					
Cost of raising funds	7	351,394	-	-	351,394
Charitable activities	8	607,619	1,267,527	45,357	1,920,503
Total expenditure		959,013	1,267,527	45,357	2,271,897
Net Income / (expenditure) before transfers		68,988	2,965,168	(39,867)	2,994,289
Gross transfers between funds	20	(187,079)	(279,348)	466,427	_
Net movement in funds		(118,091)	2,685,820	426,560	2,994,289
Reconciliation of funds					
Fund balances at 1 April 2023		819,152	3,771,295	2,570,579	7,161,026
Fund balances at 31 March 2024		701,061	6,457,115	2,997,139	10,155,315

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	Unrestricted Funds 2025 £	Restricted Funds 2025 £	Designated funds 2025	Total 2025 £	Total 2024 £
Fixed assets						
Tangible fixed assets	15	102,374	5,844,033	3,431,569	9,377,976	8,741,276
Current assets						
Stock	17	9,681	-	-	9,681	8,797
Debtors	18	42,564	175,321	-	217,885	360,790
Cash at bank and in hand		835,661	695,301	500,970	2,031,932	1,258,261
		887,906	870,622	500,970	2,259,498	1,627,848
Creditors: amounts falling due within 1 year	19	(167,571)	(69,242)	(297,618)	(534,431)	(213,809)
Net current assets		720,335	801,380	203,352	1,725,067	1,414,039
Net assets		822,709	6,645,413	3,634,921	11,103,043	10,155,315
Reserves						
Unrestricted funds		822,709	-	-	822,709	701,061
Designated funds	20	-	-	3,634,921	3,634,921	2,997,139
Restricted funds Other	20	-	801.380	-	801,380	613,082
Restricted funds Natural England Funded Land	20		5.844.033	-	5,844,033	5,844,033
Total reserves		822,709	6,645,413	3,634,921	11,103,43	10,155,315

Natural England Funded Land is subject to 125-year restrictions preventing it being sold or charged and requiring no nutrient inputs on the land. For further details see page 38.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees onand are signed on their behalf by:

S Lister Chair

Company registration number: 01019263

The notes on pages 23 to 40 form part of these financial statements

CHARITABLE COMPANY BALANCE SHEET FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	Unrestricted Funds 2025 £	Restricted Funds 2025 £	Designated funds 2025 £	Total 2025 £	Total 2024 £
Fixed assets						
Tangible fixed assets	15	102,374	5,844,033	3,431,569	9,377,976	8,741,276
Investments	16	12	-	-	12	12
		102,386	5,844,033	3,431,569	9,377,988	8,741,288
Current assets						
Stock	17	9,681	-	-	9,681	8,797
Debtors	18	14,652	175,321	-	189,973	314,481
Cash at bank and in hand		747,260	695,301	500,970	1,943,531	1,230,660
		771,593	870,622	500,970	2,143,185	1,553,938
Creditors: amounts falling due within 1 year	19	(147,760)	(69,242)	(297,618)	(514,620)	(199,900)
Net current assets		623,833	801,380	203,352	1,628,565	1,354,038
Net assets		726,219	6,645,413	3,634,921	11,006,553	10,095,326
Reserves						
Unrestricted funds		726,219	-	-	726,219	641,072
Designated funds	20	-	-	3,634,921	3,634,921	2,997,139
Restricted funds Other	20	-	801,380	-	801,380	613,082
Restricted funds Natural England Funded Land	20	-	5,844,033	-	5,844,033	5,844,033
Total reserves		726,219	6,645,413	3,634,921	11,006,553	10,095,326

Natural England Funded Land is subject to 125-year restrictions preventing it being sold or charged and requiring no nutrient inputs on the land. For further details see page 38

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees onand are signed on their behalf by:

S Lister Chair

Company registration number: 01019263

The notes on pages 23 to 40 form part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

		2025	2024
		£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	24	1,420,043	2,484,342
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(692,749)	(2,964,245)
Interest received		37,977	16,985
Disposal of tangible fixed assets		8,400	14,020
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	(646,372)	(2,933,240)
Change in cash and cash equivalents		773,671	(448,898)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,258,261	1,707,159
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	_	2,031,932	1,258,261

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1. Accounting policies

Durham Wildlife Trust is a company limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales, (number 01019263) and not having a share capital. In the event of the company being wound up, the liability in respect of the guarantee is limited to £1 per member of the charity.

The registered office is Rainton Meadows, Chilton Moor, Houghton-le-Spring, Co Durham, DH4 6PU.

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements of the charitable company, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)', Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of investments which are included at market value.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

Durham Wildlife Trust meets the definition of a public benefit entity entry under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy note(s).

1.2 Basis of consolidation

The group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the charitable company and its wholly owned subsidiary undertaking, Durham Wildlife Services Limited, on a line-by-line basis. A separate Statement of Financial Activities for the charity itself is not presented because the charity has taken advantage of the exemptions afforded by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006.

1.3 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Trustees believe that no material uncertainties exist. The Trustees have considered the level of funds and forecast income and expenditure for a period of 12 months after the date of approval of these financial statements. The budgeted income and expenditure is sufficient considering the level of reserves for the charity to be able to continue as a going concern.

1.4 Fund structure

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the Trustees in furtherance of the general objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes.

Designated funds comprise unrestricted funds that have been set aside by the Trustees for purposes. The aim and use of each designated fund is set out in the notes to the financial statements

Restricted funds are funds which are to be used in accordance with specific restrictions imposed by donors which have been raised by the charity for a particular purposes. The cost of raising and administering such funds are charged against the specific fund, The aim and use of each restricted fund is set out in the notes to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1.5 Income

All incoming resources are included in the Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) when the charity has entitlement to the funds, any performance conditions have been met, the amount can be measured reliably and it is probable that the income will be received

Voluntary income is received by way of grants, donations and gifts are included in full in the Statement of Financial Activities when the trust becomes entitled. Grants, where entitlement is not conditional on the delivery of a specific performance by the charity, are recognised when the charity becomes unconditionally entitled to the grant.

Membership subscriptions from both individual and corporate bonds are recognised when the funds are received.

Donated services and facilities are included at the value to the charity where this can be quantified. The value of services provided by volunteers has not been included in these accounts in line with SORP (FRS 102). Assets donated are recognized in full as donations and fixed assets.

Investment income is included when receivable.

Incoming resources from charitable trading activities are accounted for when earned.

Grants and fees received for current year expenditure and grants for purchase of fixed assets are recognised in full in the Statement of Financial Activities in the period in which they are received provided that the conditions for receipt have been complied with.

Income is deferred only where the criteria for recognition as incoming resources in the Statement of Financial Activities does not exist at the balance sheet dates.

All legacies are credited to income in the year in which the Trust becomes entitled to the funds.

Income from commercial trading activities is recognised as earned (as the related services are provided).

1.6 Expenditure and irrecoverable VAT

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings, they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources.

- Costs of generating funds comprise the costs associated with attracting voluntary income and the
 costs of trading for fundraising purposes including the charity's visitor centres and from the
 commercial trading activities of the company's subsidiary,
- Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.
- Support costs are those functions that assist the work of the charity but do not directly undertake charitable activities.
- Governance costs include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit and costs linked to strategic management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

All costs are allocated between expenditure categories of the SOFA on a basis designed to reflect
the use of the resource. Costs relating to a particular activity are allocated directly; others are
apportioned based on the time spent.

Irrecoverable VAT is charged as a cost against the expenditure when incurred.

1.7 Fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold property	0%-10%	straight line
Long leasehold	0%	straight line
Equipment, fixtures & fittings	25%	straight line
Motor vehicles	25%	straight line

Improvements to leasehold property are written off in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

No depreciation is charged on nature reserves which are included in both freehold and leasehold land and buildings.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset and is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

The group has a policy not to capitalise individual assets costing under £500.

1.8 Fixed asset investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are held at cost less impairment.

1.9 Stock

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving items.

1.10 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are are recognised at the settlement amount due after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts etc.

1.11 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.12 Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors and provisions are recognised at their settlement amount after allowing for any trade discounts due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1.13 Pensions and other post-retirement obligations

The charity operates money purchase pension scheme. Amounts payable are included in the Statement of Financial Activities when the related salary is paid. Unremitted amounts are included in creditors

1.14 Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial labilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.15 Taxation

The charity is exempt from corporation tax on its charitable activities.

2. Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the charitable company's accounting policies, the Trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

There are no significant accounting estimates which are considered to materially impact the financial statements.

3. Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted 2025 £	Restricted 2025	Designated 2025 £	Total 2025 £
Subscriptions	288,397	_	-	288,397
Donations	53,535	45,853	88,619	188,007
Legacies	18,515	<u>-</u>	-	18,515
	360,447	45,853	88,619	494,919
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Designated	Total
	2024	2024	2024	2024
	£	£	£	
Subscriptions	290,931	-	-	290,931
Donations	65,055	2,093	-	67,148
Legacies	134,554		-	134,554

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4. Income from charitable activities

income from charitable activities		
	Total	Total
	2025	2024
Cranto	£	£
Grants Natural England Land Purchase	_	2,638,339
Other grants	3,067,231	1,557,172
Events income	6,640	7,816
Conservation activities	235,521	197,723
Education activities	9,900	7,020
Other income	72,296	97,390
	3,391,588	4,505,460
	2025	2024
Grant Summary	£	£
Natural England	-	2,650,000
National Lottery Heritage Fund	673,370	479,353
Durham County Council	218,851	77,274
Royal Society of Wildlife Trusts	134,114	32,948
Sunderland City Council	91,555	95,688
Northumbrian Water	224,699	128,642
Banister Charitable Trust	-	293,500
Groundwork	11,192	7,607
The Swire Charitable Trust	33,850	75,000
Environment Agency	150,000	48,609
Northumberland Wildlife Trust	, -	390
DEFRA	189,237	58,094
Marjorie Coote Animal Charity Trust	, -	3,000
RSPB	5,000	5,212
Mintingmor Trust	-	600
Hartlepool Borough Council	-	12,880
Gateshead Council	35,851	10,500
The D'Oyly Carte Charitable Trust	-	3,000
Sir James Knott Trust	-	10,777
Other	_	500
	_	4,139
The National Citizen Service Trust	98,703	42,517
The National Citizen Service Trust	250	250
The Wild Flower Society	2,642	1,528
Co-op Local Community Fund	252,687	
South Tyneside Council	252,667 88,000	59,218 68,085
Zephyr Charitable Trust	•	68,085 10,200
ALA Green Charitable Trust	27,365	19,200
The Curtin PARP Fund	24 000	7,000
LNER	31,000	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

National Highways Agency	10,620	-
Barbour Trust	35,000	-
Alzheimer's Research UK	5,000	-
The Beryl Evetts & Robert Luff Animal Welfare Trust	3,500	-
Natural Environment Investment Readiness Fund	46,433	-
Hadrian Trust	1,000	-
Biffa Award	487,364	-
Sea-Changers	2,375	-
The Veolia Environmental Trust	200,000	-
Impetus Environmental Trust	7,573	
	3,067,231	4,195,511

The Natural England Land grant received in 2024 was specifically to facilitate purchase Eldon Moor Farm, The agreement with Natural England places a 125-year no nutrient inputs obligation on the Group so that the land is managed in such a way as to mitigate nutrient inputs elsewhere in the Tees catchment. During this time the Group is also restricted from disposing of or charging the land.

5. Other trading activities		
	Total 2025	Total 2024
	£	£
Other trading activities	12,830	14,480
Income from trading subsidiary	348,446	236,628
	361,276	251,108
6. Investment income		
	2025	2024
	£	£
Bank interest receivable	37,977	16,985

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

7.	Raising funds			
	5		Total	Total
			2025	2024
			£	£
	Raising donations and legacies			
	Staff costs		105,359	81,297
	Fundraising expenses	<u>-</u>	18,438	16,466
			123,797	97,763
	Other trading activities			
	Purchases		16,121	24,714
	Promotional expenses		6,003	18,316
	Trading expenditure from subsidiary	_	286,502	210,601
		,=	432,423	351,394
8.	Charitable activities			
0.		Activities		
		undertaken	Support	
		directly	costs	Total
		2025	2025	2025
		£	£	£
	Reserve Projects	71,207	_	71,207
	Education Projects	191,588	_	191,588
	Publications and Affiliations	7,467	22,385	29,852
	Visitor Centre	81,723	13,066	94,789
	Conservation Projects	2,461,316	56,857	2,518,173
	,	2,813,301	92,308	2,905,609
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Activities		
		undertaken	Support	
		directly	costs	Total
		2024	2024	2024
		£	£	£
	Reserve Projects	214,811	-	214,811
	Education Projects	180,926	-	180,926
	Publications and Affiliations	12,742	22,595	35,337
	Visitor Centre	64,193	12,508	76,701
	Conservation Projects	1,358,276	54,452	1,412,728
		1,830,948	89,555	1,920,503

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

		Support Go	ovornanco		Support G	overnance	_
9.	Support costs	costs	costs	Total	costs	costs	Total
		2025	2025	2025	2024	2024	2024
		£	£	£	£	£	£
Cons	servation Projects	28,188	28,669	56,857	26,334	28,118	54,452
	ications and Affiliations	14,998	7,387	22,385	15,042	7,553	22,595
Visite	or Centre	8,754	4,312	13,066	8,327	4,181	12,508
	- -	51,940	40,368	92,308	49,703	39,852	89,555
10.	Governance						
						Total	Total
						2025	2024
						£	£
	Auditors fees					7,250	10,000
	RWST Membership					15,561	12,742
	DWT Magazine & Marke	ting				17,557	17,110
					<u> </u>	40,368	39,852
11.	Net income / (expen	diture)				Total	Total
						2025	2024
						£ 2025	£
	Auditors remuneration					7,250	10,000
	Other non-audit services					- ,	1,200
	Depreciation of fixed ass					56,049	45,321
						63,299	56,521

12. Financial performance of the charitable company

The Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities includes the results of the wholly owned subsidiary The summary, financial performance of the charity alone is;

2025	2024
3,962,757	5,046,615
(3,051,530)	(2,061,295)
911,227	2,985,320
	2025 3,962,757 (3,051,530)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

13.	Staff costs	Group 2025 £	Group 2024 £
	Wages and salaries	1,017,674	890,163
	Social security costs	85,946	76,091
	Pension contributions	63,121	37,563
		1,166,741	1,003,817

The average number of persons employed by the group during the year was as follows

	Group	Group
	2025	2024
	No	No
Costs of generating funds	3	3
Charitable activities	36	33
Management and administration	4	3
	43	39

The number of employees who received total employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) of more than £60,000 is as follows:

	2025	2024
	No.	No.
£60,001 - £70,000	1	1

The key management personnel of the charity comprise the Trustees and management Team identified on page 1. The total employee benefits of the Management Team of the charity were £231,046 (2024: £208,367)

14. Trustees' remuneration and expenses

During the year, no trustees received any remuneration or other benefits (2024: £nil).

During the year ended 31 March 2025, no trustees' expenses have been incurred (2024: £nil).

15.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Tangible fixed assets					
Group	Freehold Property £	Long leasehold £	Equipment, fixtures & fittings £	Motor Vehicles £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 April 2024	9,099,628	127,567	1,062,004	113,834	10,403,033
Additions	629,200	-	42,549	21,000	692,749
Disposals	(56,824)	(300)	(105,277)	(58,722)	(221,123)
At 31 March 2025	9,672,004	127,267	999,276	76,112	10,874,659
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2024	533,610	44,532	981,774	101,841	1,661,757
Charge for the year	769	-	46,701	8,579	56,049
Eliminated on disposals	(56,825)	(300)	(105,277)	(58,721)	(221,123)
At 31 March 2025	477,554	44,232	923,198	51,699	1,496,683
Net book value					
At 31 March 2025	9,194,450	83,035	76,078	24,413	9,377,976
At 31 March 2024	8,566,018	83,035	80,230	11,993	8,741,276

Included within freehold property and long leasehold are nature reserves with a total cost of £9,192,568 and £83,035, respectively. No depreciation has been charged on these amounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Charity	Freehold Property	Long leasehold	Equipment, fixtures & fittings	Motor Vehicles	Total
Cost	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 April 2024	9,099,628	127,567	1,061,651	113,834	10,402,680
Additions	629,200	, -	42,549	21,000	692,749
Disposals	(56,824)	(300)	(104,924)	(58,722)	(220,770)
At 31 March 2025	9,672,004	127,267	999,276	76,112	10,874,659
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2024	533,610	44,532	981,421	101,841	1,661,404
Charge for the year	769	-	46,701	8,579	56,049
Eliminated on disposals	(56,825)	(300)	(104,924)	(58,721)	(220,770)
At 31 March 2025	477,554	44,232	923,198	51,699	1,496,683
Net book value					
At 31 March 2025	9,194,450	83,035	76,078	24,413	9,377,976
At 31 March 2024	8,566,018	83,035	80,230	11,993	8,741,276

Included within freehold property and long leasehold are nature reserves with a total cost of £9,192,568 and £83,035, respectively. No depreciation has been charged on these amounts.

16. Fixe

ed asset investments				
	Group 2025	Group 2024	Charity 2025	Charity 2024
	£	£	£	£
Shares on subsidiary undertaking			12	12
_			Percentage	Description
Company	Country		Shareholding	
Durham Wildlife Services Limited	England and Wales		100%	Ordinary

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Durham Wildlife Services Limited's principal activity is the provision of ecological consultancy services. The results and summary of assets and liabilities of the company are as follows:

			2	2025 £	2024 £
	Turnover		369	,525	236,696
	Cost of sales		(304,	367)	(195,446)
	Administrative expenses			562)	(15,155)
	Profit for the year		62	,596	26,095
	Distribution to Durham Wildlife Trust		26	,095	17,125
			:	2025 £	2024 £
	Total assets		123	,516	75,890
	Total liabilities		(27,	011)	(15,886)
	Shareholders' funds			,505	60,004
17.	Stock	Group 2025	Group 2024	Charity 2025	Charity 2024
17.		2025 £	2024 £	2025 £	2024 £
17.	Stock Raw materials and consumables	2025	2024	2025	2024
17. 18.		2025 £	2024 £	2025 £	2024 £
	Raw materials and consumables	2025 £ 9,681 ————————————————————————————————————	2024 £ 8,797 ———————————————————————————————————	2025 £ 9,681 ————————————————————————————————————	2024 £ 8,797 Charity 2024
	Raw materials and consumables	2025 £ 9,681 Group 2025 £	2024 £ 8,797 Group 2024 £	2025 £ 9,681 Charity 2025 £	2024 £ 8,797 Charity 2024 £
	Raw materials and consumables Debtors	2025 £ 9,681 ————————————————————————————————————	2024 £ 8,797 ———————————————————————————————————	2025 £ 9,681 ————————————————————————————————————	2024 £ 8,797 Charity 2024

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

19. Creditors: amounts falling due within 1 year

	Group	Group	Charity	Charity
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	£	£	£	£
Trade creditors	86,642	135,399	86,330	137,376
Amounts owed to group companies	-	-	7,200	-
Other taxation and social security	21,378	19,325	21,378	19,325
Accruals	342,873	27,488	328,668	27,488
Other creditors	1,069	15,470	1,069	5,707
VAT _	82,469	16,127	69,975	10,004
	534,431	213,809	514,620	199,900

20. Analysis of funds

Current year	Balance at 1 Apr 2024 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers £	Balance at 31 Mar 2025 £
Unrestricted funds					
General funds`	701,061	1,116,187	(1,073,611)	79,072	822,709
Designated funds					
Land	2,802,369	673,605	(59,908)	15,502	3,431,568
Volunteers	34,733	8,461	(8,709)	(553)	33,932
Repairs and Maintenance	28,971	-	(8,599)	40,535	60,907
Rainton Meadows	131,066	-	(543)	(130,523)	-
Biodiversity Net Gain Fund	-	1,206	(1,206)	-	-
Habitat Bank Fund	-	-	-	90,000	90,000
Energy Efficiency Fund		<u>-</u>		18,514	18,514
-	2,997,139	683,272	(78,965)	33,475	3,634,921
Total unrestricted funds	3,698,200	1,799,459	(1,152,576)	112,547	4,457,630

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Restricted funds	Balance at 1 Apr 2024 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers £	Balance at 31 Mar 2025 £
Natural England Funded Land	5,844,033	-	-	-	5,844,033
Discover Bright Water	102,223	724,441	(714,216)	(109,138)	3,310
Heart of Durham	15,836	46,894	(46,377)	-	16,353
Land of Oak and Iron	10,959	-	-	-	10,959
Low Barns	11,404	-	-	-	11,404
Conservation Projects	390,726	980,481	(787,641)	(4,943)	578,623
Education Projects	11,491	231,120	(168,554)	1,534	75,591
Living Landscape Projects	48,718	16,004	(34,026)	-	30,696
Great North Fern	-	118,432	(30,028)	-	88,404
Seascapes	1,725	46,287	(48,012)	-	-
Links with nature	20,000	322,642	(356,602)	-	(13,960)
	6,457,115	2,486,301	(2,185,456)	(112,547)	6,645,413
Total funds	10,155,315	4,285,760	(3,338,032)		11,103,043
Prior year	Balance at 1 Apr 2023	Income	Expenditure	Transfers	Balance at 31 Mar 2024
	£	£	£	£	£
Unrestricted funds					
General funds`	819,152	1,028,001	(959,013)	(187,079)	701,061
Designated funds					
Land	2,335,942	-	-	466,427	2,802,369
Volunteers	43,979	-	(9,246)	-	34,733
Repairs and Maintenance	33,022	-	(4,051)	-	28,971
Rainton Meadows	132,636	5,490	(7,060)	-	131,066
Catchment Management	25,000		(25,000)		
_	2,570,579	5,490	(45,357)	466,427	2,997,139
Total unrestricted funds	3,389,731	1,033,491	(1,004,370)	279,348	3,698,200

	Balance at				Balance at
Restricted funds	1 Apr 2023	Income	Expenditure	Transfers	31 Mar 2024
	£	£	£	£	£
Natural England Funded Land	3,205,694	2,638,339	-	-	5,844,033
Discover Bright Water	(28,511)	320,857	(190,123)	-	102,223
Heart of Durham	18,368	51,394	(53,926)	-	15,836
Land of Oak and Iron	10,959	-	-	-	10,959
Naturally Native	2,310	200,469	(199,738)	(3,041)	-
Low Barns	11,404	-	-	-	11,404
Conservation Projects	339,958	472,642	(427,484)	5,610	390,726
Education Projects	23,088	144,122	(164,205)	8,486	11,491
Living Landscape Projects	190,603	17,890	(178,259)	18,484	48,718
Healing Nature	6,870	-	-	(6,870)	-
Great North Fern	(4,354)	295,588	10,783	(302,017)	-
Seascapes	(5,094)	71,394	(64,575)	-	1,725
Links with nature	-	20,000	-	-	20,000
			_		
	3,771,295	4,232,695	(1,267,527)	(279,348)	6,457,115
Total funds	7,161,026	5,266,186	(2,271,897)		10,155,315

Transfers are made between funds when a fund has closed from restricted into unrestricted funds.

Designated Funds

Volunteers

Funds designated, to support all aspects of volunteering and trainee positions at Durham Wildlife Trust.

Repairs and Maintenance

Funds designated to make provision for the repair, maintenance (including replacement) of land buildings equipment and other assets.

Rainton Meadows

Funds designated to manage the Trust's Rainton Meadow Nature Reserve.

Catchment Management

Support for the Trust's work provided by the Garfield Weston Foundation that the Trust has designated to support partnership work with the Rivers Trusts and Northumbrian Water across the catchments of the rivers Skerne and Browney.

Land

Specific fund created for the unrestricted land held by the charity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Habitat Bank Fund

Fund designed to support and underwrite the creation of habitat banks for the delivery and sale of biodiversity net gain credits.

Energy Efficiency Fund

Fund designed to improve the energy efficiency of the Trust across all of its operations.

RESTRICTED FUNDS

Discover Bright Water

A National Lottery Heritage Fund Landscape Partnership scheme led by DWT that aims to deliver significant conservation work across the catchment of the River Skerne

Heart of Durham

A landscape scale project delivering habitat and species conservation across northern and central County Durham that is supported by Northumbrian Water.

Land of Oak and Iron

A National Lottery Heritage Fund Landscape Partnership scheme in the Derwent Valley to deliver education and conservation projects.

Naturally Native

A project funded by the National Lottery Heritage Fund that focuses on conservation of the water vole. This project is delivered in partnership with Tees Valley and Northumberland Wildlife Trusts.

Low Barns Improvements

Funding received from Durham County Council Weardale AAP and North Pennines and Dales Leader to refurbish and improve the Visitors Centre at Low Barns Nature Reserve.

Conservation Projects

A fund created during 2020-21 to consolidate smaller conservation projects into a single Department in order to simplify financial management and reporting. Individual projects are identifiable by Project Codes.

Education Projects

A fund created during 2021-22 to consolidate smaller education projects into a single Department in order to simplify financial management and reporting. Individual projects are identifiable by Project Codes.

Living Landscapes North Projects

A fund created during 2021-22 to consolidate projects delivered across the Trust's living landscapes nature reserves into a single Department in order to simplify financial management and reporting. Individual projects are identifiable by Project Codes.

Natural England Funded Land

Over recent years the Charity has entered into agreements with Natural England to facilitate the purchase of several areas of land. These agreements place a 125-year no nutrient inputs obligation on the Charity so that the land is managed in such a way as to mitigate nutrient inputs elsewhere in the Tees catchment. During this time the Charity is also restricted from disposing of or charging the land. It is therefore classified as a restricted fund.

Great North Fen

A long-term project to deliver large scale habitat restoration across the Durham Carrs and wider catchment of the River Skerne.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Healing Nature

A project funded by the National Lottery Heritage Fund that focuses on habitat restoration across the Sunderland Coalfield area and associated health and well-being benefits.

Seascapes

A National Lottery Heritage Fund Landscape Partnership led by Durham County Council that delivers a variety of projects along the coast and coastal waters from the Tyne to the Tees. Durham Wildlife Trust delivers a number of the projects.

Links with Nature

A National Lottery Heritage funded project delivered in partnership with Sunderland City Council covering thirteen sites in the Sunderland Coalfield area (concentrated on the catchment of the Lumley Park Burn.) The project focuses on habitat and access improvements to Council owned sites and will make use of social prescribing via the Sunderland G.P. Alliance and Links for Life Sunderland to engage volunteers.

21. Analysis of net assets between funds

Current year	Unrestricted Funds £	Designated Funds £	Restricted Funds	Total 2025 £
Tangible assets	102,374	3,431,569	5,844,033	9,377,976
Current assets	887,906	500,970	870,622	2,259,498
Creditors amounts due within one year	(167,571)	(297,618)	(69,242)	(534,431)
	822,709	3,634,921	6,645,413	11,103,043
Paris and a second	Unrestricted	Designated	Restricted	Total
Prior year	Funds £	Funds £	Funds £	2024 £
Tangible assets	94,873	2,802,370	5,844,033	8,741,276
Current assets	819,997	194,769	613,082	1,627,848
Creditors amounts due within one year	(213,809)	-	-	(213,809)
	701,061	2,997,139	6,457,115	10,155,315

22. Related party transactions

There have been no related party transactions during the year (2024: £nil)

23. Pension commitments

The charity operates a money purchase pension scheme. The pension scheme cost of £63,121 (2024: £37,563) represents amounts payable by the charity. Unremitted amounts of £1,069 (2024 - £5,707) is included in creditors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

24. Reconciliation of net income to net cash flow from operating activities

Net income / expenditure for year	2025 £ 947,728	2024 £ 2,994,289
Adjustments for		
Interest received	(37,977)	(16,985)
Depreciation	56,049	45,321
Profit and loss on disposal of fixed		
asset	(8,400)	(12,908)
(Increase) / decrease in stock	(884)	1,234
(Increase) / decrease in debtors	142,905	122,715
(Decrease) / increase in creditors	320,622	(649,324)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,420,043	2,484,342

25. Analysis of net debt

The charitable company had no debt during the year.